

SECTION 1

Safety Data Sheet

SDS Number: 10534 Issue Date: 05/15/18 Reviewed:

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Chemlube Premium Gold Synthetic Blend GHS product Identifier: API SN Plus / ILSAC GF-5 SAE 5W30 Synonyms: MANUFACTURER/ ADDRESS: Chemlube International LLC 500 Mamaroneck Ave. Harrison, N.Y. 10528 USA CHEMTREC - (800) 424-9300 **General Assistance Number:** (914) 381 5800 **SECTION 2** HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION **OSHA/HCS** status: While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product. **Classification of the** Not classified. substance or mixture: **GHS label elements** Signal Word : No signal word. Hazard statements : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Precautionary statements** General : Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. May be harmful if swallowed. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water. If you feel unwell, seek medical attention and show the label when possible. Keep out of reach of children. Prevention : Not applicable. Not applicable. **Response**: Store in a dry place and/or in closed container. Store in accordance with all local, Storage : regional, national and international regulations. **Disposal**: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. Hazards not otherwise None known classified **SECTION 3 Composition/Information on Ingredients**

Components CAS Number		Amount	
Highly refined mineral oil	Mixture	80 – 90 %weight	
Petroleum Additives	Mixture	10 – 20 %weight	

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to process variation. There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4

FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur
Skin contact:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Eye contact :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation:	No specific data
Ingestion:	No specific data
Skin contact:	No specific data
Eye contact :	No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician :	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large
	quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments :	Treat symptomatically and supportively.
Protection of first-aiders :	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 13)

SECTION 5

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Specific hazards arising: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. **from the chemical**

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing Unsuitable extinguishing media Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire None known

SECTION 5	FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES
Hazardous thermal	Decomposition products may include the following materials:
decomposition products	carbon dioxide
	carbon monoxide
	sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides
	metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if
for fire-fighters	there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable
-	training.
Special protective	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing
equipment for fire-fighters	apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode
SECTION 6	ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
personnel	Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from
	entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal
	protective equipment
For emergency responders:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any
	in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For
	non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains
	and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental
	pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up:
Small spill:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up
	if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and
	place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste
	disposal contractor.
Large spill:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers,
	water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment
	plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible,
	absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a
	licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact
	information and Section 13 for waste disposal
SECTION 7	HANDLING AND STORAGE
Precautions for safe handling	j:
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating,
occupational hygiene	drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before
	entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene
	measures.
Conditions for safe storage,	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from
ncluding any	direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials
ncompatibilities	(see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until
	ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept
	upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
SECTION 7	HANDLING AND STORAGE
	Bulk Storage Conditions: Maintain all storage tanks in accordance with applicable

regulations. Use necessary controls to monitor tank inventories. Inspect all storage tanks on a periodic basis. Test tanks and associated piping for tightness. Maintain the automatic leak detection devices to assure proper working condition.

SECTION 9	
SECTION 8	EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
Control parameters	lasita
Occupational exposure I	Imits
None Identified.	
Appropriate engineering:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne
Controls	contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, vapor controls, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	Sures
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in industrial settings. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Splash goggles. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required.
Skin protection	
Hand protection:	Chemical-resistant gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary
Body protection:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection:	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied-air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
SECTION 9	PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State	Liquid
Color	Amber
Flash Point	200 Deg C, 401 Deg F (min)
Upper Flammable Limit	Not determined.
Lower Flammable Limit	Not determined.
Vapor density	>1 { Air = 1}.
Specific Gravity	0.857 (15.6 Deg C)
Water Solubility	Insoluble.
Odor	Mild
Viscosity	Kinematic (100C) 9.3 cSt –12.1 cSt
Boiling Point	289 Deg C, 552 Deg F (Initial)
Pour Point Temperature	<-38C

SECTION 10

REACTIVITY AND STABILITY

reactions:

Products

SECTION 11

Chemical stability

Conditions to avoid

Incompatible materials

Not expected to be Explosive, Self-Reactive, Self-Heating, or an Organic Peroxide under US GHS Definition(s). The product is stable. Possibility of hazardous Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur No specific data . No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

SECTION IT	
Information on toxicologi	ical effects
Acute toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	Distillates (petroleum), hydro treated heavy paraffinic : Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects. Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic : Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects.
Irritation/Corrosion	
Skin	No additional information
Eyes	No additional information
Respiratory	No additional information
Sensitization	
Skin	No additional information
Respiratory	No additional information
	No additional information
Carcinogenicity Conclusion/Summary Teratogenicity	No additional information
Conclusion/Summary	No additional information
routes of exposure	Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal.
Potential acute health effe	
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the	physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards
Potential chronic health e	
General	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
SECTION 12	ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
Toxicity	

Conclusion/Summary	Not available				
Persistence and degrada Conclusion/Summary	ability Not available.				
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not available	Not available			
Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC)	Not available				
Other adverse effects	No known significant e	ffects or critical hazards.			
SECTION 13	<u>v</u>	ISPOSAL CONSIDERATIO	DNS		
<u>Disposal methods</u>	of this product, solution requirements of enviror regional local authority via a licensed wasted the sewer unless fully Waste packaging shou of in a safe way. Empt	ns and any by-products should inmental protection and waste r requirements. Dispose of surp isposal contractor. Waste shou compliant with the requirement ild be recycled. This material a	disposal legislation and any olus and non-recyclable products Id not be disposed of untreated to is of all authorities with jurisdiction. nd its container must be disposed in some product residues. Avoid		
SECTION 14	Т	RANSPORT INFORMATIO	Ν		
D	OT Classification	IMDG	IATA		
	not regulated	not regulated	not regulated		
UN proper <u>shipping name</u> transport					
<u>Hazard class</u> Environmental					
<u>Hazards</u>					
Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of accident or spillage.					
Transport in bulk accord to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:	•				
SECTION 15	D	EGULATORY INFORMATI	ON		
U.S. Federal regulations	 United States in Clean Water Act (phosphorodithioa Clean Water Act Clean Water Act This material is c and the Oil Pollut sheen on waters 	ventory (TSCA 8b): All compo (CWA) 307: zinc O,O,O',O'-te te); Zinc alkyl dithiophosphate (CWA) 311: vinyl acetate lassified as an oil under Sectio ion Act of 1990 (OPA). Dischar of the United States, their adjo	nents are listed or exempted.		
Composition/informatio	<u>n on ingredients</u>		SADA 204 DO		
		<u>SARA 302 TPQ</u>	SARA 304 RQ		

				SANA JUZ IP	<u>v</u>	JANA JU4 NQ
Name		%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	<u>(lbs) (gallons)</u>
Vinyl acetate		<0.01	yes	1000	129	5000 644.8
SARA 311/312						
Classification	Not applicable.					
Composition/information or	n ingredients					

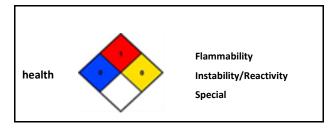
State regulations

Massachusetts New York New Jersey	None of the components are listed. None of the components are listed. None of the components are listed.
Pennsylvania	None of the components are listed.
International regulations	Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory: Not determined. Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted. Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined
Canada inventory	All components are listed or exempted.
EU Inventory	At least one component is not listed in EINECS but all such components are listed in ELINCS.
	Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this material.
WHMIS (Canada)	Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

SECTION 16

OTHER INFORMATION

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

<u>History</u> Date of issue/Date of Revision	06/01/2015
Key to abbreviations:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

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