

Safety Data Sheet SDS Number: 10531

SDS Number: 10531 Issue Date: 06/01/15 Reviewed: 06/01/15

SECTION 1	PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION
GHS product Identifier: Synonyms:	Chemlube Premium Gold GF-5 API SN SAE 5W30 Synthetic Blend Motor oil
MANUFACTURER/ ADDRE	SS: Chemlube International LLC 500 Mamaroneck Ave. Harrison, N.Y. 10528 USA
CHEMTREC – (800) 424-93 General Assistance Numbe	
SECTION 2	HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION
OSHA/HCS status:	While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
Classification of the substance or mixture:	Not classified.
<u>GHS label elements</u> Signal Word : Hazard statements :	No signal word. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Precautionary statements</u> General :	Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. May be harmful if swallowed. IF IN EYES : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water. If you feel unwell, seek medical attention and show the label when possible. Keep out of reach of children.
Prevention : Response : Storage : Disposal :	Not applicable. Not applicable. Store in a dry place and/or in closed container. Store in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and
Hazards not otherwise classified	international regulations.
SECTION 3	Composition/Information on Ingredients

Components	CAS Number	Amount
Highly refined mineral oil	Mixture	80 – 90 %weight
Petroleum Additives	Mixture	10 – 20 %weight

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to process variation.

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations

applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur
Skin contact:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Eye contact:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation:	No specific data
Ingestion:	No specific data
Skin contact:	No specific data
Eye contact:	No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large
	quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments:	Treat symptomatically and supportively.
Protection of first-aiders:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 13)

SECTION 5

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Specific hazards arising: from the chemical

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing Unsuitable extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire None known

SECTION 5	FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions: for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode
SECTION 6	ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment
For emergency responders:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up:
Small spill:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal container.
Large spill:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal
SECTION 7	HANDLING AND STORAGE
Precautions for safe handling Protective measures Advice on general occupational hygiene	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Bulk Storage Conditions: Maintain all storage tanks in accordance with applicable regulations. Use necessary controls to monitor tank inventories. Inspect all storage tanks on a periodic basis. Test tanks and associated piping for tightness. Maintain the automatic leak detection devices to assure proper working condition.

SECTION 8	EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
Control parameters	
Occupational exposure	limits
None identified.	
Appropriate engineering:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne
Controls	contaminants.
Environmental exposure	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure
controls:	they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some
	cases, vapor controls, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will
	be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before
	eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.
	Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
	showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in
, i	industrial settings. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless
	the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Splash goggles. Safety
	eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment
	indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.
	If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required.
Skin protection Hand protection:	Chemical-resistant gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all
nand protection.	times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary
Body protection:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being
	performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before
	handling this product.
Other skin protection:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected
	based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a
	specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection:	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied-air respirator complying with an approved
	standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be
	based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe
SECTION 9	working limits of the selected respirator. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
SCOTION 5	
Physical State	Liquid

Physical State	Liquid
Color	Amber
Flash Point	205 Deg C, 401 Deg F (min)
Upper Flammable Limit	Not determined.
Lower Flammable Limit	Not determined.
Vapor density	>1 { Air = 1}.
Specific Gravity	0.858 (15.6 Deg C)
Water Solubility	Insoluble.
Odor	Mild
Viscosity	Kinematic (100C) 9.3 cSt –12.0 cSt
Boiling Point	289 Deg C, 552 Deg F (Initial)
Pour Point Temperature	<-38C

SECTION 10

REACTIVITY AND STABILITY

Reactivity	Not expected to be Explosive, Self-Reactive, Self-Heating, or an Organic Peroxide under US GHS Definition(s).
Chemical stability	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:.	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur
Conditions to avoid	No specific data .
Incompatible materials	No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition Products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11	TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
Information on toxicologi	cal effects
Acute toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic: Mineral oil mists derived from
	highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals.
	Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral
	oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory
	reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute
	studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near
	current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects.
	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic: Mineral oil mists derived
	from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in
	animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations
	of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung
	inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and
	sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or
Irritation/Corrosion	near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects.
Skin	No additional information
Eyes	No additional information
Respiratory	No additional information
Sensitization	
Skin	No additional information
Respiratory	No additional information
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	No additional information
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	No additional information
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	No additional information
Information on the likely	Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal.
routes of exposure	
Potential acute health effe	
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skill contact	No known significant effects of childa hazards.
	physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards
Potential chronic health e	ffects
General	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12	ECC	OLOGICAL INFORMA	TION	
Toxicity				
Conclusion/Summary	Not available			
Persistence and degra	adability			
Conclusion/Summary	-			
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not available			
Polenilai	NUL AVAIIADIE			
Mobility in soil				
Soil/water partition				
coefficient (KOC)	Not available			
Other adverse effects	No known significant effe	ects or critical hazards.		
SECTION 13	8	POSAL CONSIDERA	TIONS	
Disposal methods	The generation of waste s	should be avoided or min	imized wherever possible. Disposal	
			ould at all times comply with the	
			ste disposal legislation and any	
			surplus and non-recyclable products hould not be disposed of untreated to	
			ents of all authorities with jurisdiction.	
			al and its container must be disposed	
	of in a safe way. Empty c	containers or liners may r	etain some product residues. Avoid	
		rial and runoff and contac	t with soil, waterways, drains and	
SECTION 14	Sewers.	ANSPORT INFORMA		
	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	not regulated	not regulated	not regulated	
UN proper		j		
shipping name				
transport Hazard class				
Environmental				
Hazards				
Special precautions for			transport in closed containers that are	
			sporting the product know what to do in	the
	event of accident or	spillage.		
Transport in bulk acc	ording Not available.			
to Annex II of MARPO				
73/78 and the IBC Cod	le:			
SECTION 15	DE	GULATORY INFORM	ATION	
J.S. Federal regulatio			nponents are listed or exempted.	
eler rogulatio			'-tetrakis(1,3-dimethylbutyl) bis	
	(phosphorodithioate)); Zinc alkyl dithiophosph		
	Clean Mater Ast /C	NAA 211. vinul agatata		
		CWA) 311: vinyl acetate		
	This material is clas	sified as an oil under Se	ction 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA)	
	This material is clas and the Oil Pollution	sified as an oil under Se Act of 1990 (OPA). Disc	charges or spills which produce a visible	ling
	This material is clas and the Oil Pollution sheen on waters of	sified as an oil under Se Act of 1990 (OPA). Disc the United States, their a	charges or spills which produce a visible djoining shorelines, or into conduits lead	ling
	This material is clas and the Oil Pollution sheen on waters of	sified as an oil under Se Act of 1990 (OPA). Disc the United States, their a	charges or spills which produce a visible	ling
	This material is class and the Oil Pollution sheen on waters of to surface waters m 424-8802.	sified as an oil under Se Act of 1990 (OPA). Disc the United States, their a	charges or spills which produce a visible djoining shorelines, or into conduits lead	ling
Composition/informat	This material is class and the Oil Pollution sheen on waters of to surface waters m 424-8802.	sified as an oil under Sen Act of 1990 (OPA). Disc the United States, their a ust be reported to the EF	charges or spills which produce a visible djoining shorelines, or into conduits lead A's National Response Center at (800)	ling
	This material is class and the Oil Pollution sheen on waters of to surface waters m 424-8802.	sified as an oil under Sen Act of 1990 (OPA). Disc the United States, their a ust be reported to the EF <u>SARA 302</u>	charges or spills which produce a visible djoining shorelines, or into conduits lead A's National Response Center at (800) TPQ SARA 304 RQ	ling
Name	This material is class and the Oil Pollution sheen on waters of to surface waters m 424-8802. tion on ingredients	sified as an oil under Sen Act of 1990 (OPA). Disc the United States, their a ust be reported to the EF <u>SARA 302</u>	charges or spills which produce a visible djoining shorelines, or into conduits lead A's National Response Center at (800)	ling
Name Vinyl acetate	This material is class and the Oil Pollution sheen on waters of to surface waters m 424-8802. tion on ingredients	sified as an oil under Se Act of 1990 (OPA). Disc the United States, their a ust be reported to the EF <u>SARA 302</u> <u>EHS (Ibs)</u>	charges or spills which produce a visible djoining shorelines, or into conduits lead A's National Response Center at (800) <u>TPQ SARA 304 RQ</u> (gallons) (lbs) (gallons)	ling
<u>Composition/informat</u> <u>Name</u> Vinyl acetate SARA 311/312 Classification	This material is class and the Oil Pollution sheen on waters of to surface waters m 424-8802. tion on ingredients	sified as an oil under Se Act of 1990 (OPA). Disc the United States, their a ust be reported to the EF <u>SARA 302</u> <u>EHS (Ibs)</u>	charges or spills which produce a visible djoining shorelines, or into conduits lead A's National Response Center at (800) <u>TPQ SARA 304 RQ</u> (gallons) (lbs) (gallons)	ling
Name Vinyl acetate SARA 311/312	This material is class and the Oil Pollution sheen on waters of to surface waters m 424-8802. tion on ingredients %	sified as an oil under Se Act of 1990 (OPA). Disc the United States, their a ust be reported to the EF <u>SARA 302</u> <u>EHS (Ibs)</u>	charges or spills which produce a visible djoining shorelines, or into conduits lead A's National Response Center at (800) <u>TPQ SARA 304 RQ</u> (gallons) (lbs) (gallons)	ling
Name Vinyl acetate SARA 311/312	This material is class and the Oil Pollution sheen on waters of to surface waters m 424-8802. tion on ingredients %	sified as an oil under Se Act of 1990 (OPA). Disc the United States, their a ust be reported to the EF <u>SARA 302</u> <u>EHS (Ibs)</u>	charges or spills which produce a visible djoining shorelines, or into conduits lead A's National Response Center at (800) <u>TPQ SARA 304 RQ</u> (gallons) (lbs) (gallons)	ling

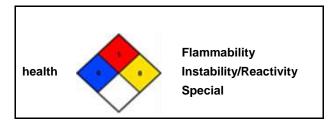
Composition/information on ingredients

<u>State regulations</u> Massachusetts New York New Jersey Pennsylvania	None of the components are listed. None of the components are listed. None of the components are listed. None of the components are listed.
International regulations	Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory: Not determined. Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted. Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined
Canada inventory EU Inventory	All components are listed or exempted. At least one component is not listed in EINECS but all such components are listed in ELINCS.
WHMIS (Canada)	Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this material. Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

SECTION 16

OTHER INFORMATION

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

<u>History</u> Date of issue/Date of Revision	06/01/2015
Key to abbreviations:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

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